

- Adoption is a process whereby a person assumes the parenting for another and,
- in so doing, permanently transfers all rights and responsibilities from the original parent or parents.

•In simple it's a legal process in which future parents create a relationship with a child where it did not exist

#### Child Adoption?

- To control population explosion...
- To provide a better future to the existing population.
- To save life of a Child.
- To avoid any kind of treatments to those who cannot conceive...
   Treatments may affect peoples health and also save the costs involved in it.
- Toprovide a good Family

#### CAUSES

- Genuine love for the child
- Having two or more children of same sex
- To control the population
- ➤ People involved in the carrier
- Single parent who want to experience parenthood
- >Adopting older child
- **>**infertility







There are no unwanted children, just unfound families.







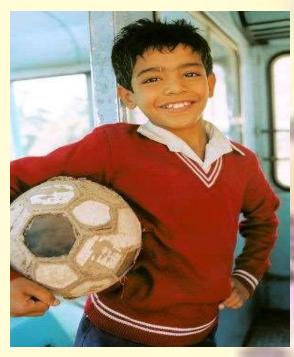




#### TAKEN CARE ...







Happy with the Love and care given by the parents

By way of Adoption we can...

## Provide the Basic Needs



"Adoption is when the child grew in mommys heart instead of her tummy"



## EDUCATE A CHILD



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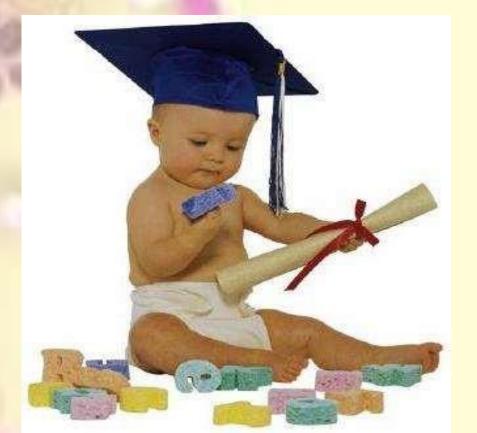




"It is greater work to educate a larger true and larger than to rule than to rule child in the word, than sense of the a state."

Fulfill your deans

Opportunity to make the dreams you have for your child to come true.







## What does a Child gain from

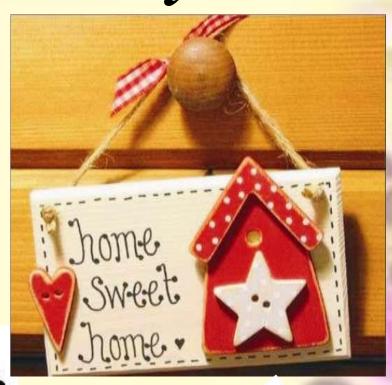
Adoption...???

## A Home & A Family



"Its better to have a loving family than to have no family at all."

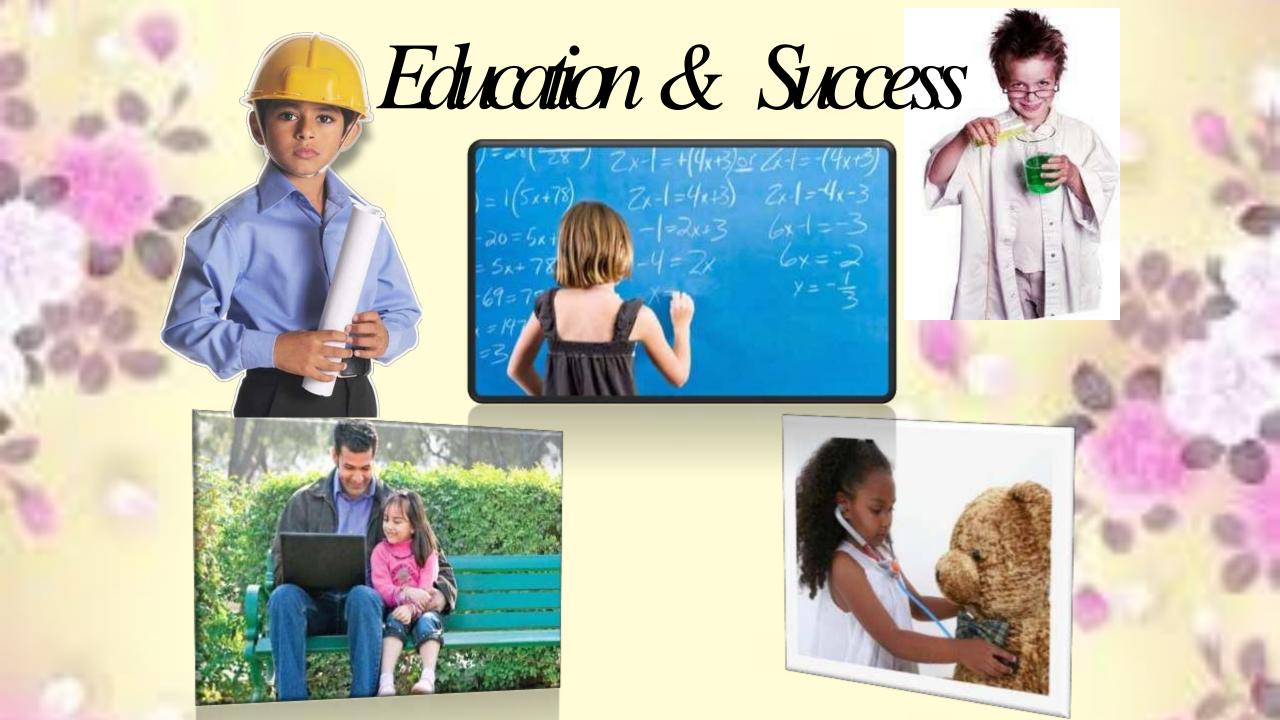














There are adoptees who are very famous.

Some of them.....



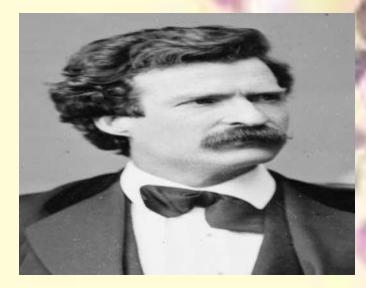
Nelson Mandela



Leo Tolstoy



Steve Jobs



Mark Twain

# Few Renowned Adoptive Parents....



Ravena Tandon

**Sushmita Sen** 

Shobhana

### I have 4 children, 2 are adopted. I forgot which

2.



Angelina Jolie

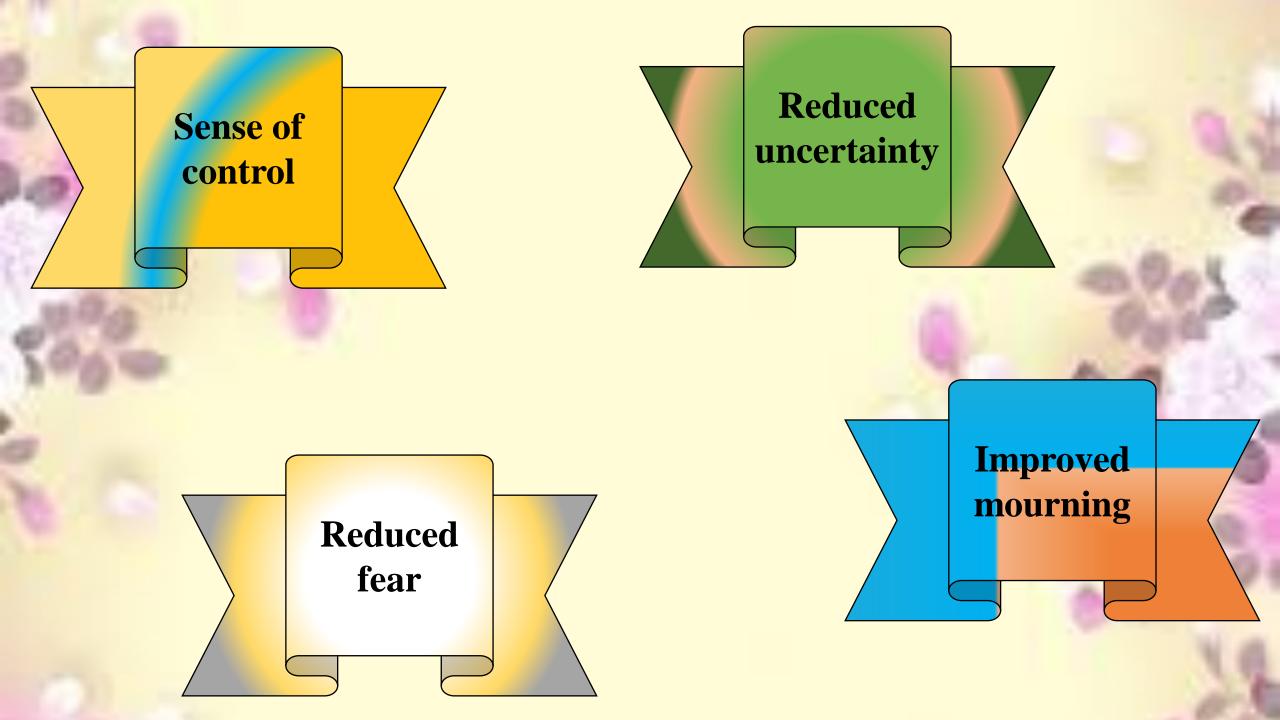
#### TYPES OF ADOPTION

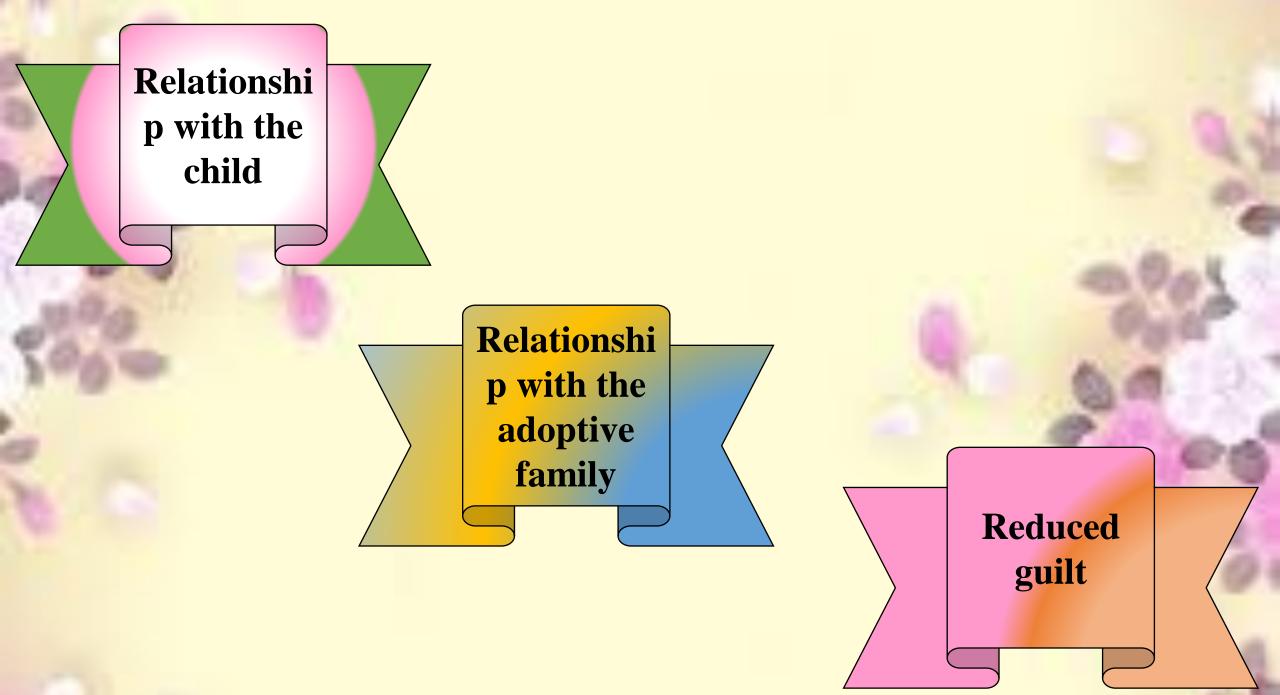
#### **Open adoption:**

When the birth parents and prospective adoptive families are allowed tom interact with one another.

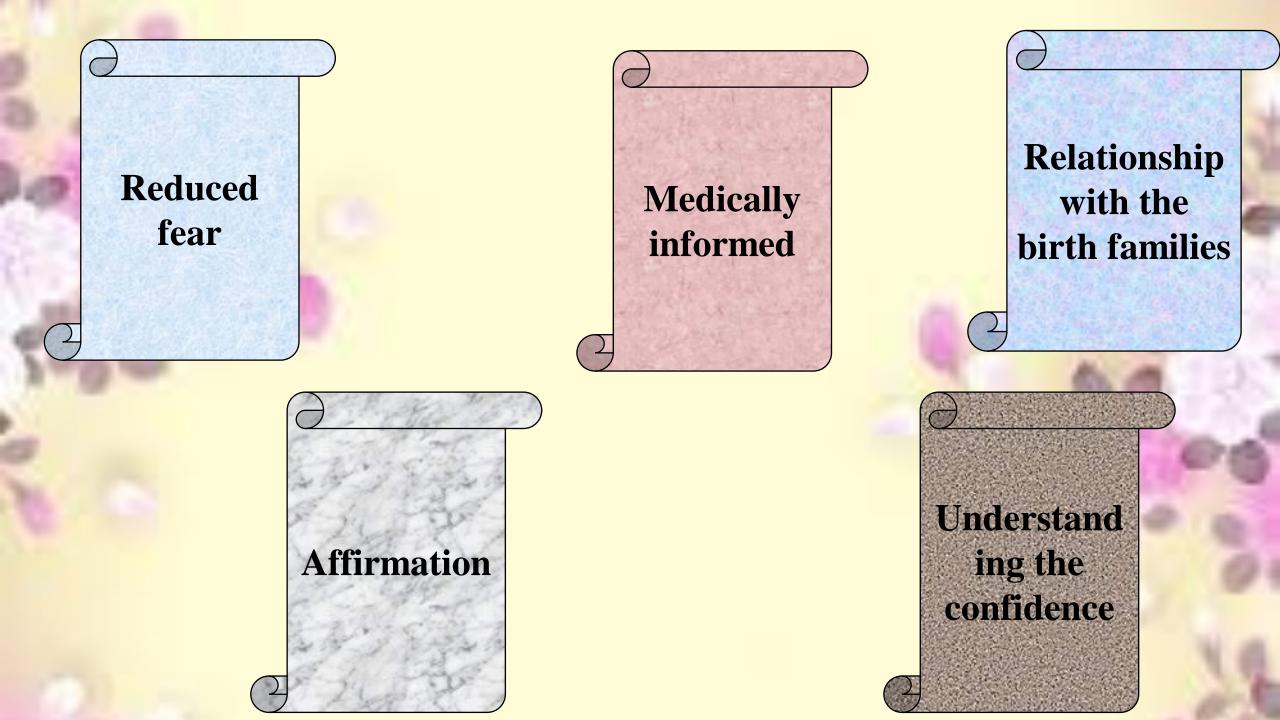
In this type of adoption identities of all parties are shared.

## ADVANTAGES FOR BIRTH PARENTS

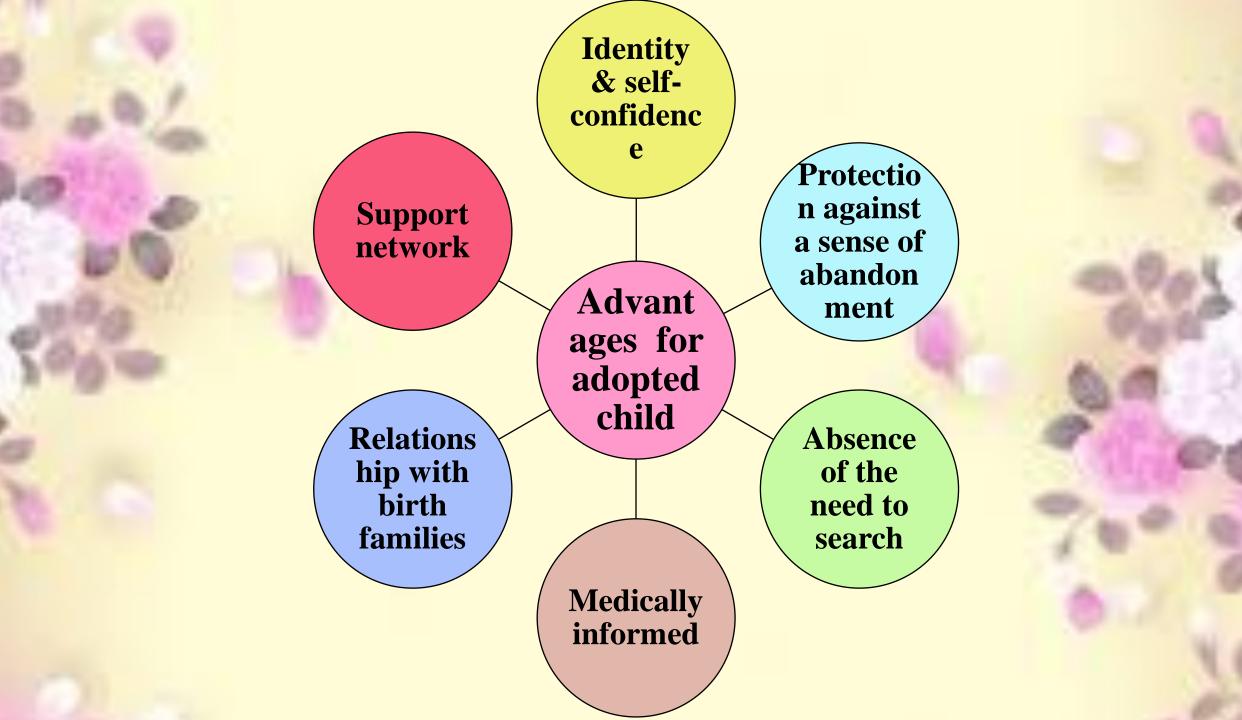




## ADVANTAGES FOR ADOPTIVE FAMILY



## ADVANTAGES FOR ADOPTED CHILD



## DISADVANTAGES FOR BIRTH PARENTS



#### Abuse of trust



## Potential disappointment

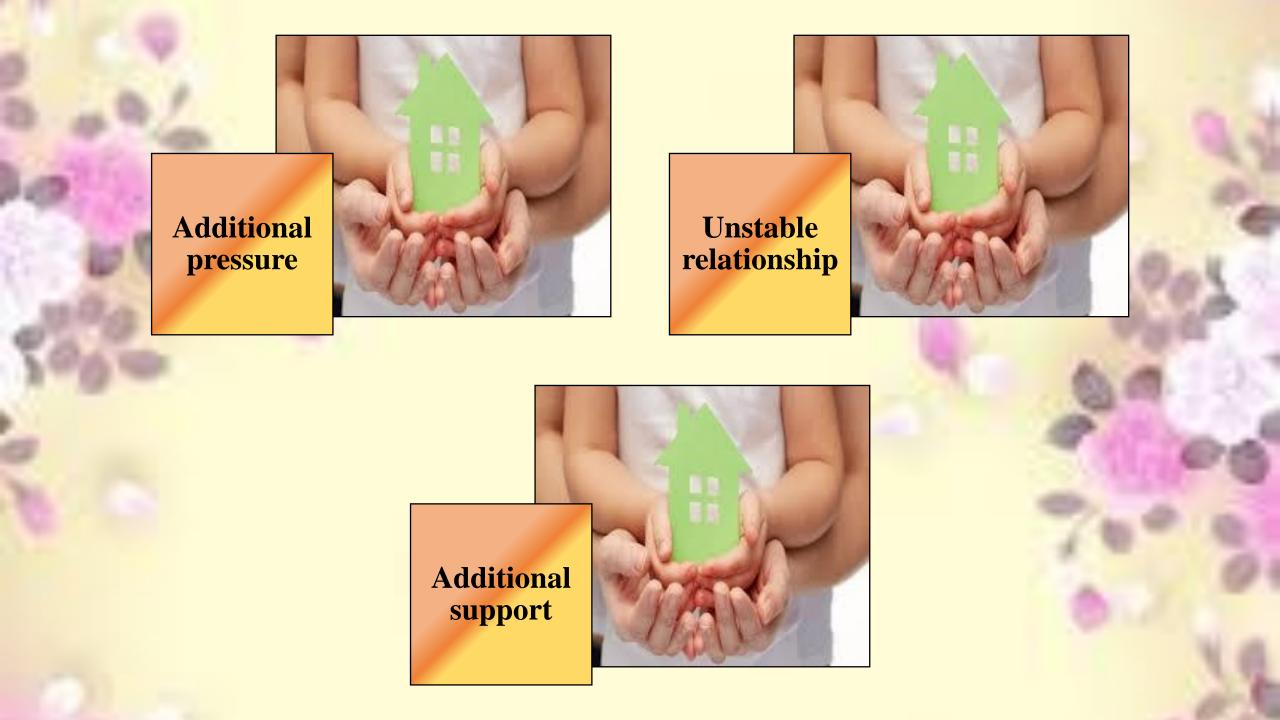


## Changed mind



Feelings of obligation

# DISADVANTAGES FOR ADOPTIVE FAMILY



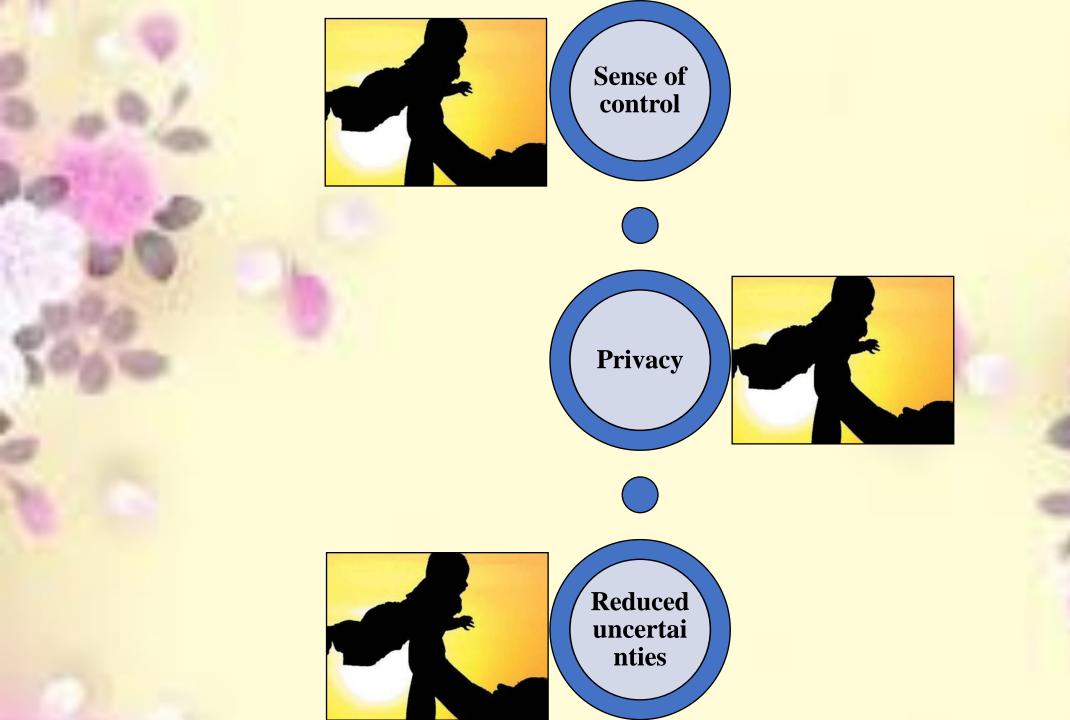
# DISADVANTAGES FOR ADOPTIVE CHILD

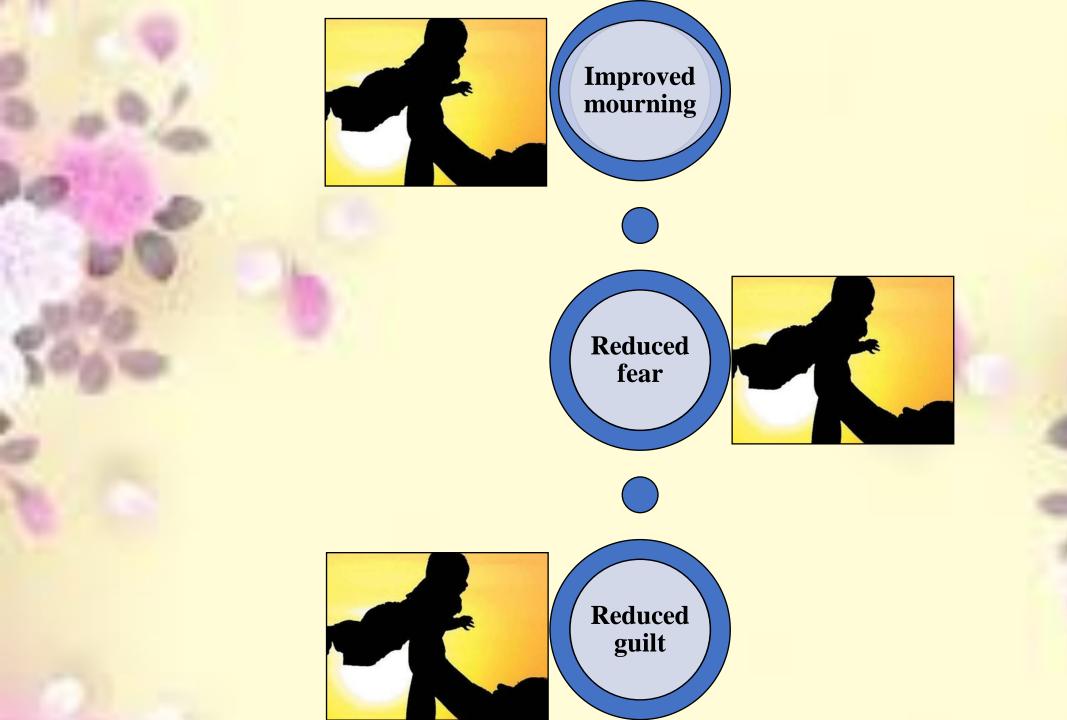


#### SEMI-OPEN ADOPTION

Occurs when potential birthmothers or birth families experience non-identifying interaction with adoptive families.

## ADVANTAGES FOR BIRTH PARENTS





### ADVANTAGES FOR ADOPTIVE FAMILY



Reduced fear



Medically informed



Affirmation



Roles clearly defined

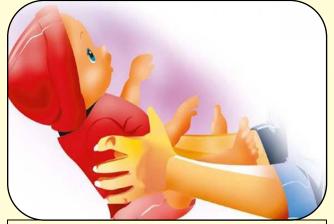


Understanding & confidence

# ADVANTAGES FOR ADOPTED CHILD



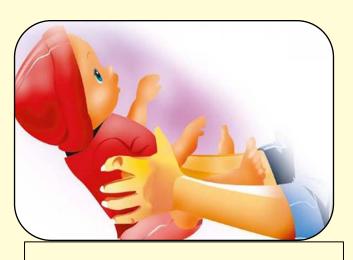
Identity & self confidence



Protection against a sense of abandonment

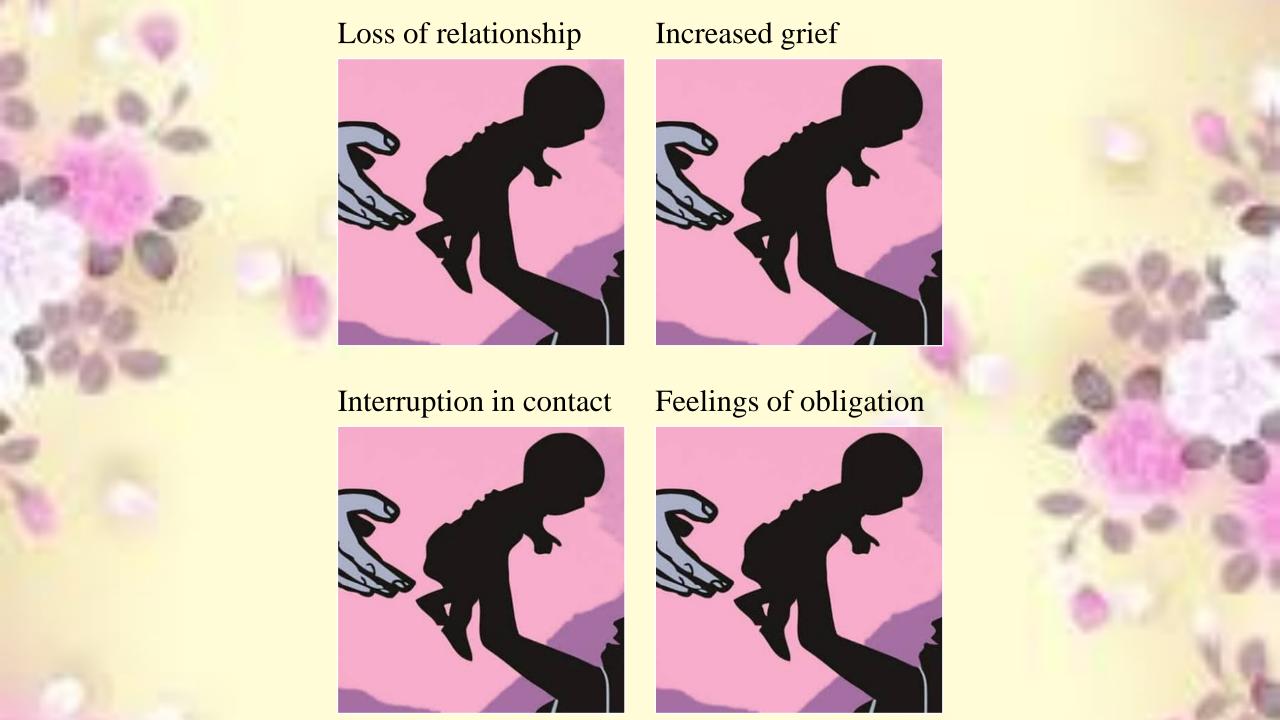


Absence for need to search

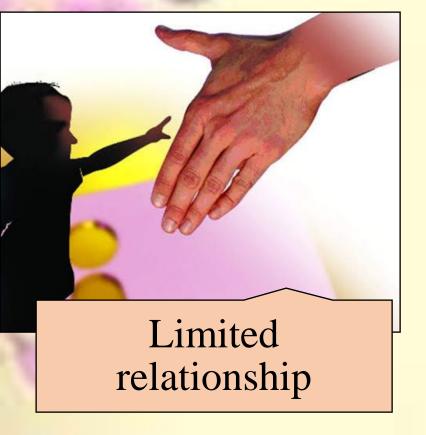


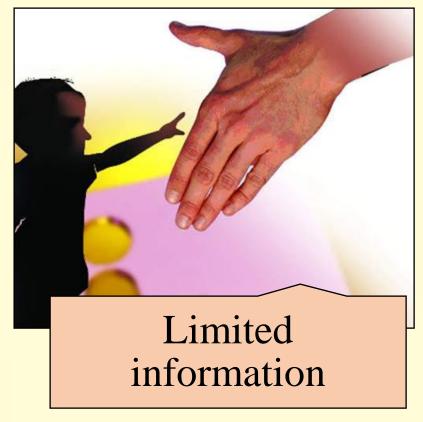
Medically informed

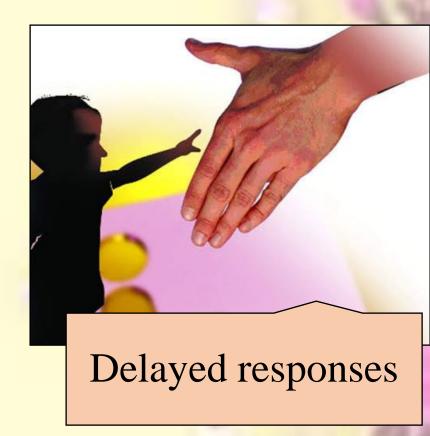
### DISADVANTAGES FOR BIRTH PARENTS



# DISADVANTAGES FOR ADOPTIVE FAMILY







## DISADVANTAGES FOR ADOPTIVE CHILD







perceptions

Negative



Preoccupat
-ion with
adoption
issues



**Identity confusion** 

#### CLOSED ADOPTION

It refers to an adoption process where there is no interaction of any kind between birthmothers and prospective adoptive families

## ADVANTAGES FOR BIRTH PARENTS



Sense of closure





### ADVANTAGES FOR ADOPTIVE FAMILY



Family freedom



Absence of fuzzy boundaries

# ADVANTAGES FOR ADOPTED CHILD



Absence of fuzzy boundaries



Protection from unstable birth families

### DISADVANTAGES FOR BIRTH PARENTS



#### Dealing with grief



Dealing with denial



Dealing with guilt

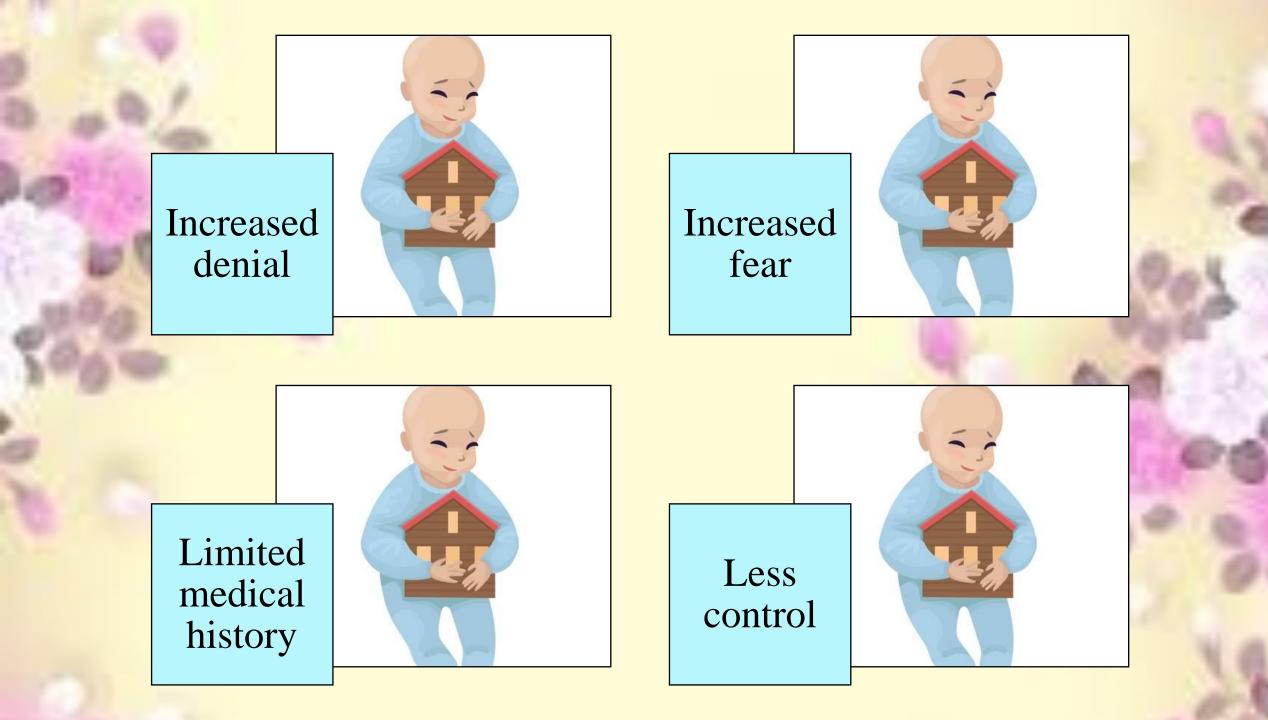


Dealing with abandonment



Dealing with lack of information

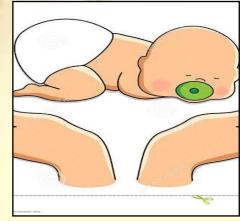
# DISADVANTAGES FOR ADOPTIVE FAMILY



## DISADVANTAGES FOR ADOPTIVE CHILD



#### Identity confusion



Preoccupation with adoption issues



Limited information

### THE HINDU ADOPTION AND MAINTENANCE ACT, 1956 (HAMA)

- ✓ Married couples or single adults can adopt;
- ✓ Legally the man adopts with the consent of his wife;
- ✓ A single man or woman can adopt;
- ✓ If a biologically child already exists in the family, a child of the opposite sex has to be adopted;
- ✓ Children adopted under this act get the same legal rights as a biological child might;
- ✓ Children under the age of 15 yrs can be adopted;
- ✓ A single man adopting a girl should be at least 21 years older than the child;
- ✓ A single woman adopting a boy should be at least 21 years older than the child;
- ✓ Adoption under this act is irrevocable.



